What is Windsor-Detroit Bridge Authority?

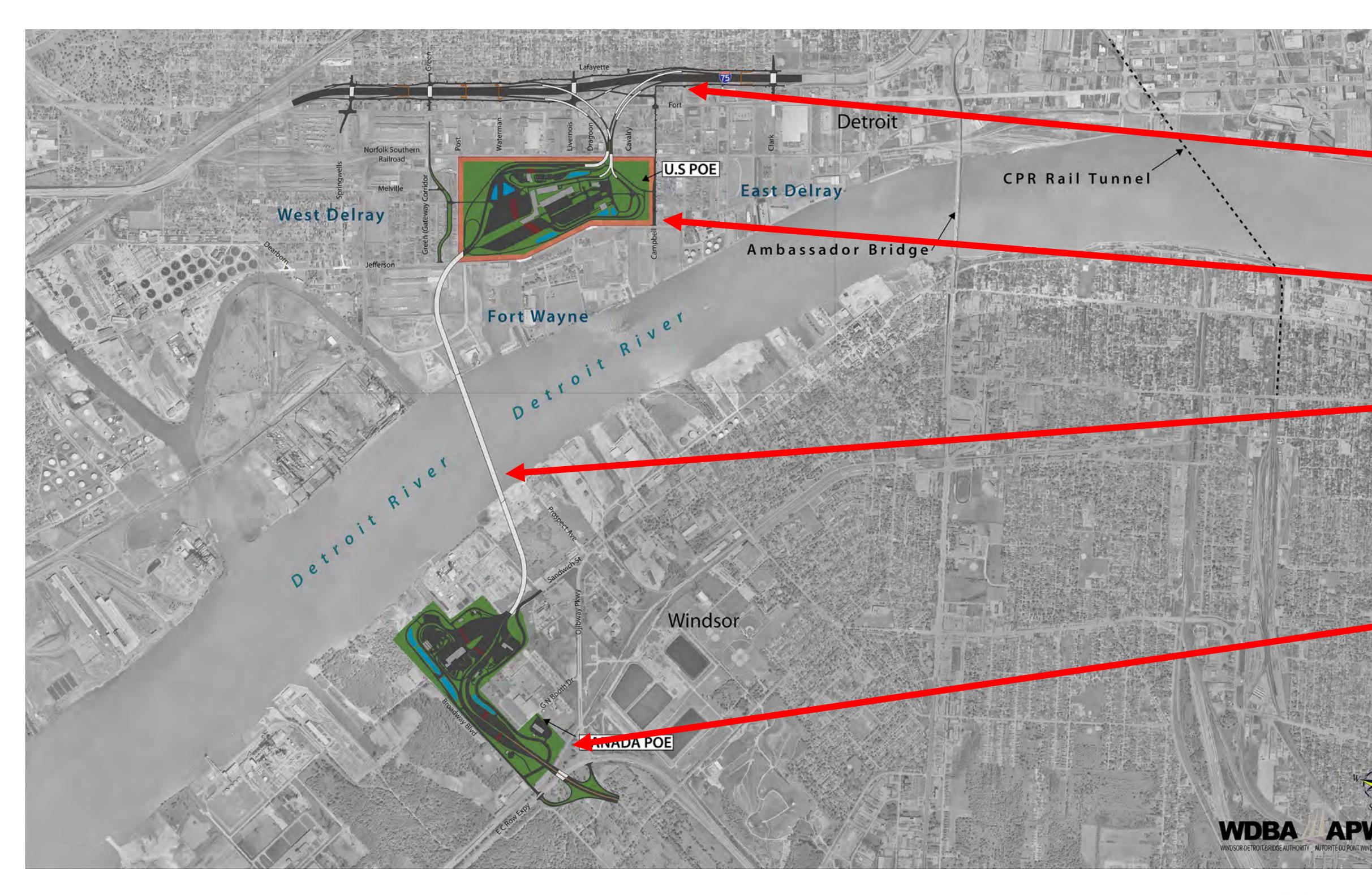
Windsor-Detroit Bridge Authority:

- Is a not-for-profit Canadian Crown corporation created in 2012
- Reports to Parliament through the Minister of Infrastructure and Communities
- Manages the procurement process for the design, construction, financing, operation and maintenance of the new bridge through a public-private partnership (P3)
- Will oversee the work of the P3 partner and will manage the project agreement and payments











Project Components



Legend

1. Michigan Interchange

2.US Port of Entry (POE)

3. Gordie Howe International Bridge

4. Canada Port of Entry (POE)

Project History and Accomplishments

Timeline	Ac
2001-04	Planning/Need and Feasibility Study
2005-09	 Coordinated environmental study proc Canada determines that the Project w with mitigation measures US Record of Decision (ROD) obtained
2008-12	 Canada land acquisition begins Preliminary Canadian and US Port of begins
2012	 Canada-Michigan Crossing Agreemer WDBA incorporated
2013	Presidential Permit
2014	 Board of Directors and President and Members are appointed to the Interna US Coast Guard Bridge Permit receiver
2015	 International Authority approves Unite Selection of key advisor firms to assis Selection of fairness monitor to overse Crossing officially named Gordie How Start of Early Works at Canadian Port P3 Procurement process launches with
2016	 RFQ short-listed respondents were an Issuance of the RFP to Proponents Business-to-Business meetings held to contractors in Windsor, Detroit and Water
2017	 Announcement of multi-use path to be Community Group-to-Business meeting agencies in Windsor and Detroit More than 50 positions filled at WDBA

ctivity	
	Identif
cess completed by Canada and the US vill not have significant environmental impact,	
ed	Detro
Entry design and other preparation work	A co com Mich
nt signed	five
CEO are appointed for WDBA ational Authority Board ved	1. M 2. A
ed States land acquisition at with engineering, technical and legal work ee P3 procurement process /e International Bridge t of Entry begins th Request for Qualifications	3. A H 4. A 5. A R C
nnounced between Proponent teams and potential alpole Island First Nation	
e incorporated onto Bridge ngs held between Proponents and community A Windsor office	

fied need for an additional crossing option

oit River International Crossing (DRIC) Study: 2005-2009

pordinated environmental study process pleted by Canada, the US, Ontario and higan confirmed need and the location of components:

- lichigan Interchange to Interstate-75 (I-75)
- US Port of Entry (POE)
- river crossing, now known as the Gordie lowe International Bridge
- Canadian Port of Entry
- An Ontario access road, now known as the Rt. Hon. Herb Gray Parkway (delivered by Dotario)



Consultation and Communication

- Aesthetics, Lighting, Visual Effects
- Sediment Erosion
- Air Quality
- Species at Risk/Invasive Species/Wildlife/Migratory Birds
- Archaeology
- Traffic/Local Roads
- Fish/Aquatics
- Vegetation/Trees
- Infrastructure
- Vibration
- Noise
- Waste/Spills/Excavated Materials
- Pedestrians/Bicycling Bridges at Michigan Interchange
- Water Quality/Groundwater/Stormwater/Surface Water



Public consultation will continue in Canada and the US throughout the project phases. The DRIC study identified many items that require public consultation prior to implementation, including:











The Procurement Process: What is a P3

The Gordie Howe International Bridge project will be delivered through a public-private partnership or a (P3).

What is a P3?

A P3 is a co-operative venture between a public-sector entity and a private-sector partner for the provision of infrastructure or services. The partnership is built on the expertise of each partner that best meets clearly defined public needs, with the private sector assuming a major share of the risks in terms of financing, construction and maintenance.

Who is involved in the P3?

A P3 is a co-operative venture between a public-sector entity (Windsor-Detroit Bridge Authority) and a private-sector partner (a consortium of companies with different areas of expertise).

Why use the P3 model?

A P3 transfers a major share of the risk associated with the project (such as the costs associated with overruns, schedule delays, unexpected maintenance, and/or latent defects in the assets) to the private sector. As well, the private sector's expertise, efficiencies and innovation are utilized in delivering the project.



Where does the P3 partner come from? WDBA's Proponent teams are comprised of Canadian, American and international companies. Once selected, the private-sector partner will establish offices locally. It is anticipated that many local resources will be required from both Windsor-Essex and Detroit to deliver the project. In addition to jobs created during the construction phase, the new bridge will result in many permanent jobs for the future operation of the crossing.

When does the P3 partner start working? At the end of the P3 procurement process, a private-sector partner will be identified. This partner will start work immediately – setting up local offices, completing their design and engaging local contractors. They will construct the project according to the schedule included in their proposal. Once construction is completed, the private-sector partner will operate and maintain the POEs and bridge for 30 years.





The Procurement Process: P3 Milestones

WDBA's procurement process is designed to choose a private-sector partner with the skills, experiences and resources necessary to design, build, finance, operate and maintain the Gordie Howe International Bridge project.

Three milestones in the partner selection process:

Complete



RFQ issued July 2015 and closed October 2015. Six submissions received. Short-listed respondents announced on January 20, 2016.

Generates shortlist of up to three respondents for RFP process



Current Phase



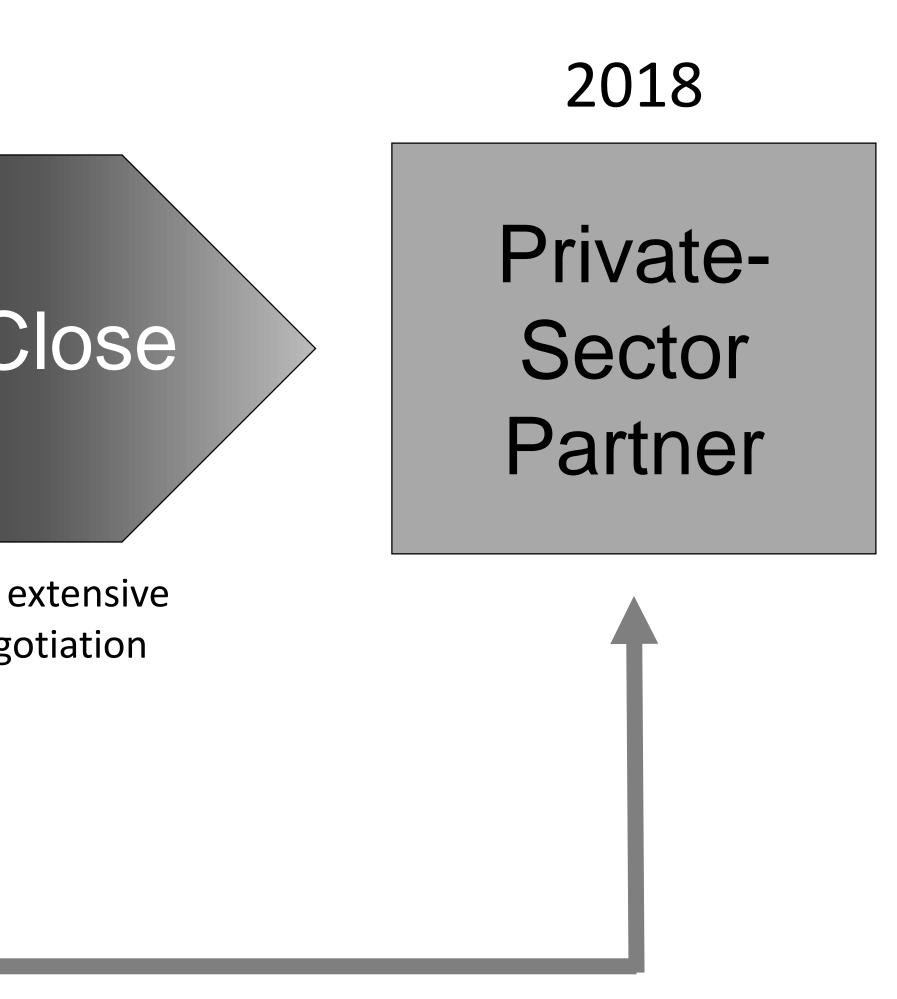
Financial Close

RFP issued to proponents in November 2016. Proposals will be evaluated according to set criteria to determine the Preferred Proponent.

Generates Preferred Proponent for Financial Close activities

Financial close includes extensive evaluation, contract negotiation and agreements.





Key Project Features: Bridge

- Six-lanes: three Canadian-bound, three US-bound
- Total length: approximately 2.5 kilometres / 1.5 miles
- Clear span of 850 metres / 0.53 miles with no piers in the water
- One approach bridge on each side of the crossing to connect Ports of Entry in Canada and the US
- One of the following design types could be used for this signature Bridge:



Cable-stayed Recognized by its "A" shape





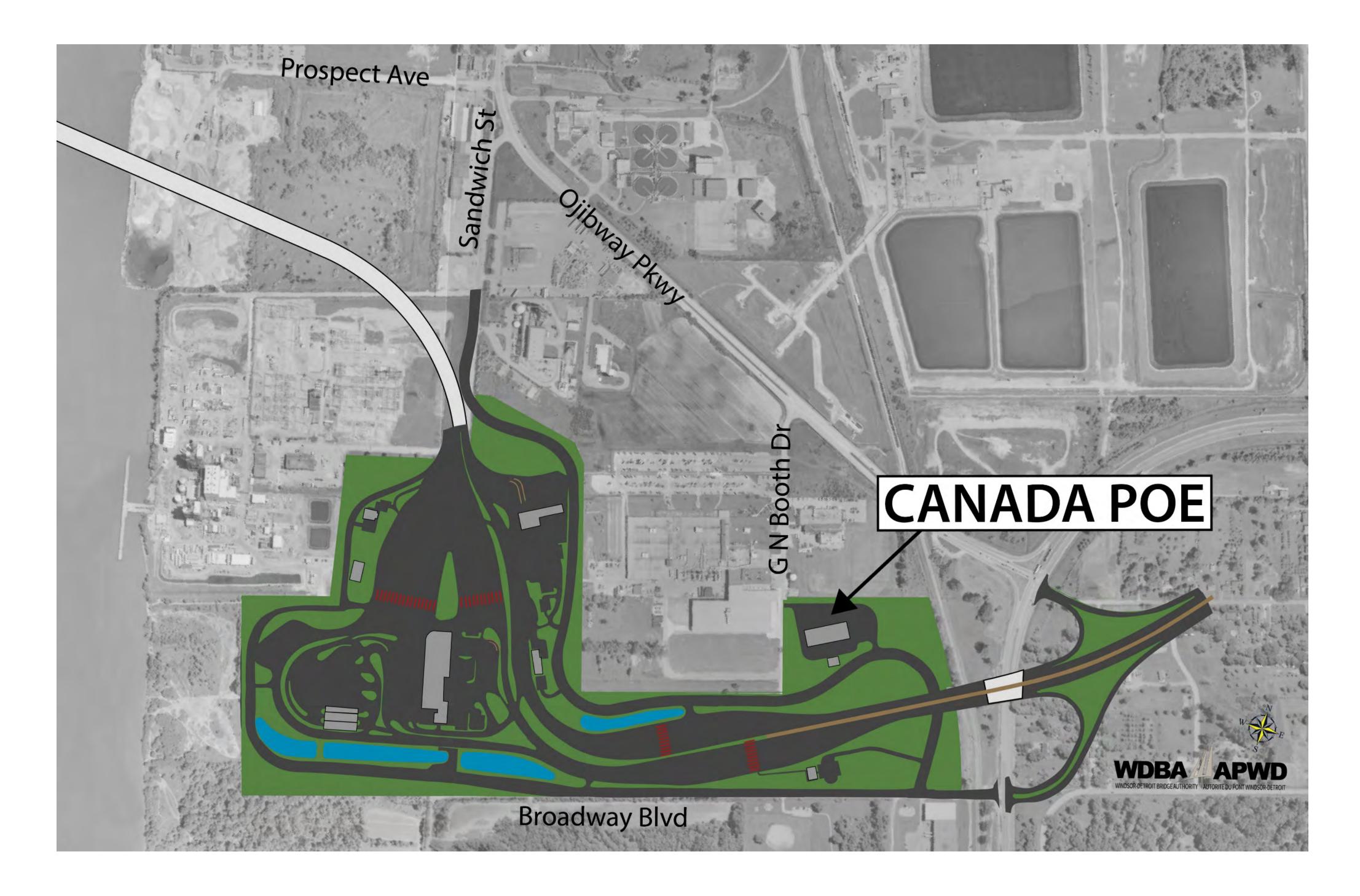


Suspension Recognized by elongated "M" shape

Key Project Features: Canadian Port of Entry

- Size: Approximately 53 hectares / 130 acres
- Inbound border inspection facilities for both passenger and commercial vehicles
- Outbound inspection facilities
- Toll collection facilities
- Maintenance facility
- Parking



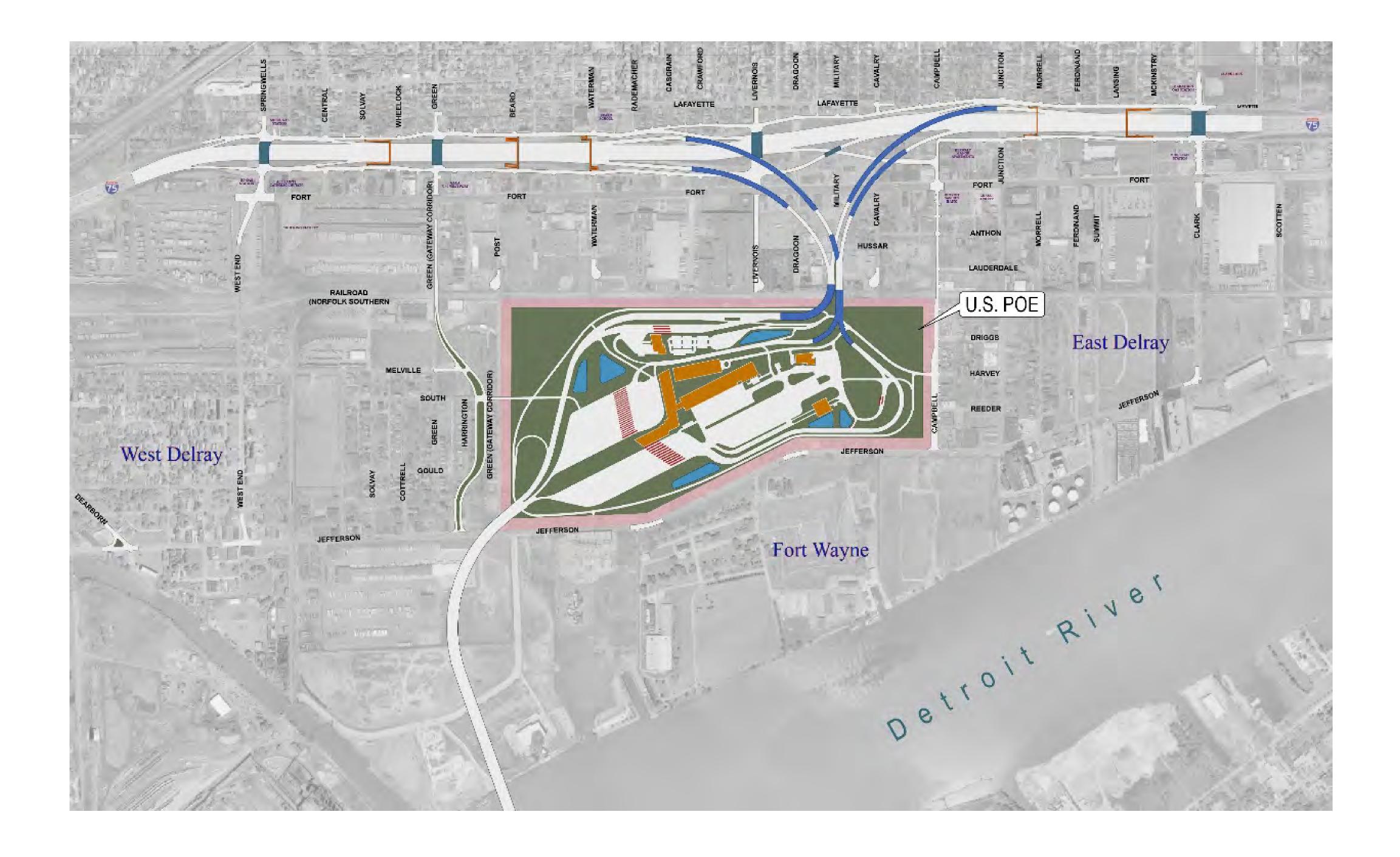




- Approximate 148 acre / 60 hectare site
- US inbound border inspection facilities for both passenger and commercial vehicles
- US outbound inspection facilities
- Commercial exit control booths
- Parking

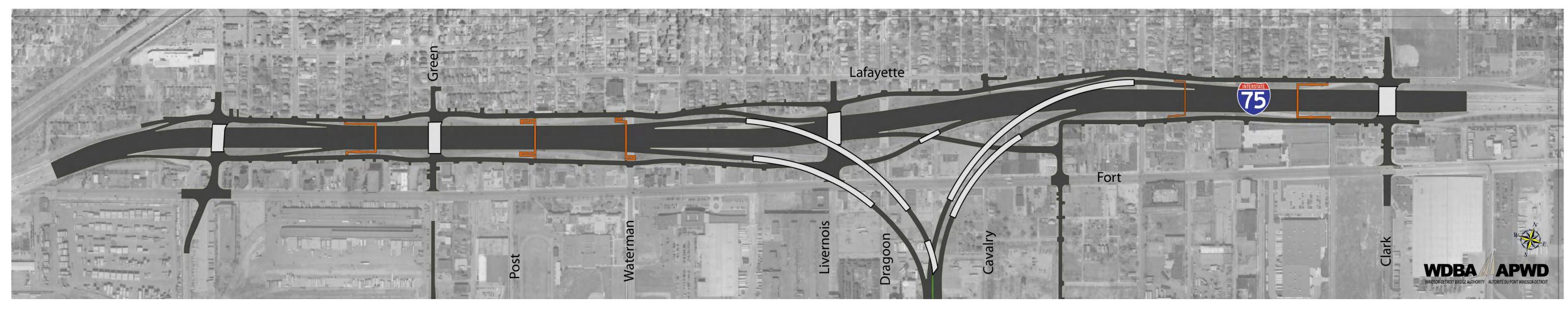


Key Project Features: US Port of Entry





Key Project Features: Michigan Interchange



- Local road improvements required due to the Project, including:
 - 4 new crossing road bridges
 - 5 new pedestrian bridges
 - Widened roads at key intersections to allow transport trucks to make full uninterrupted turns
- Noise walls to be incorporated in locations identified by the **Environmental Impact Study**



• Primary connecting ramps to and from the US POE

- the US POE
- Reconfiguration of I-75 drives





4 long bridges crossing the railway and connecting I-75 to

interchange ramps and service

US Traffic Patterns: Anticipated Access Points

100-foot green space buffer between security fence and streets around perimeter of POE

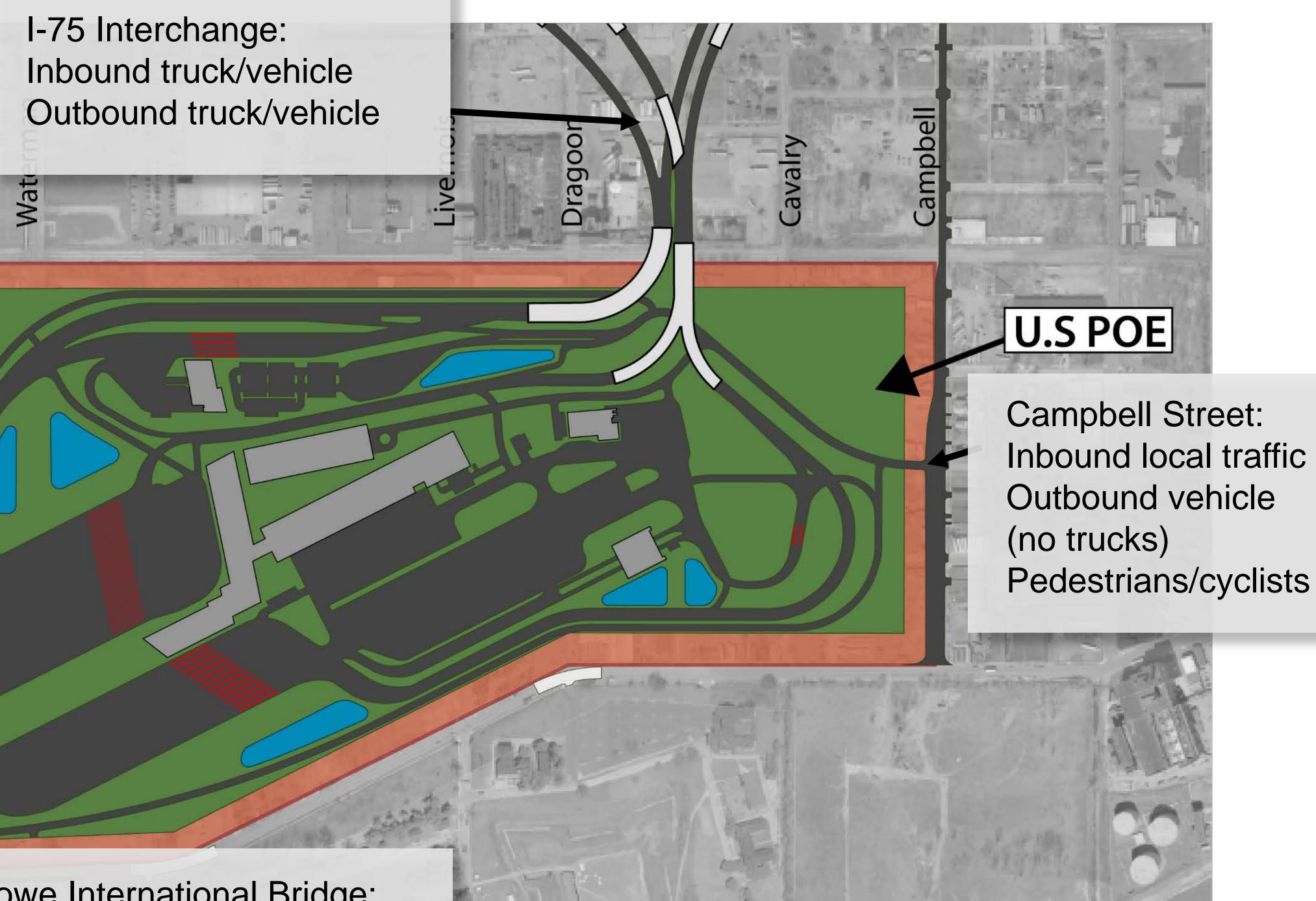
Green Street: Restricted access for employees, service and emergency vehicles

U

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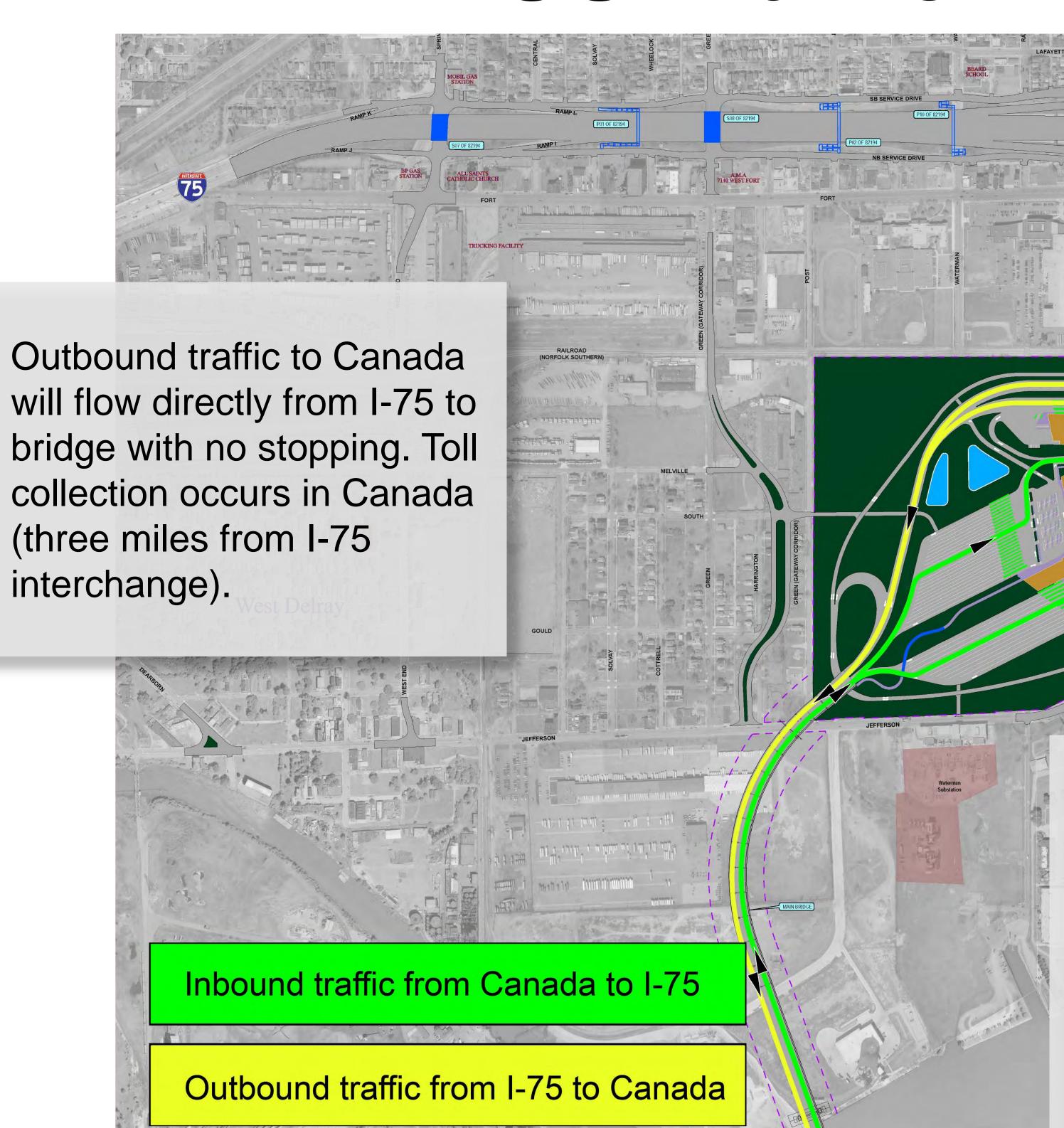
Gordie Howe International Bridge: Inbound truck/vehicle Outbound vehicle Pedestrians/cyclists





Access points subject to change pending final design







US Traffic Flow to US POE

The design of the US POE and toll collection in Canada will result in continuous traffic flow from I-75 through the POE and on to the Gordie Howe International Bridge. This flow will eliminate truck queuing along I-75 and Fort Street in normal operating conditions, resulting in less emissions. Should a back-up occur, the US and Canadian POEs have significant capacity to mitigate potential vehicle queuing.





All inbound trucks from Canada must exit to I-75 and then access local road options. Trucks cannot exit via Campbell Street.

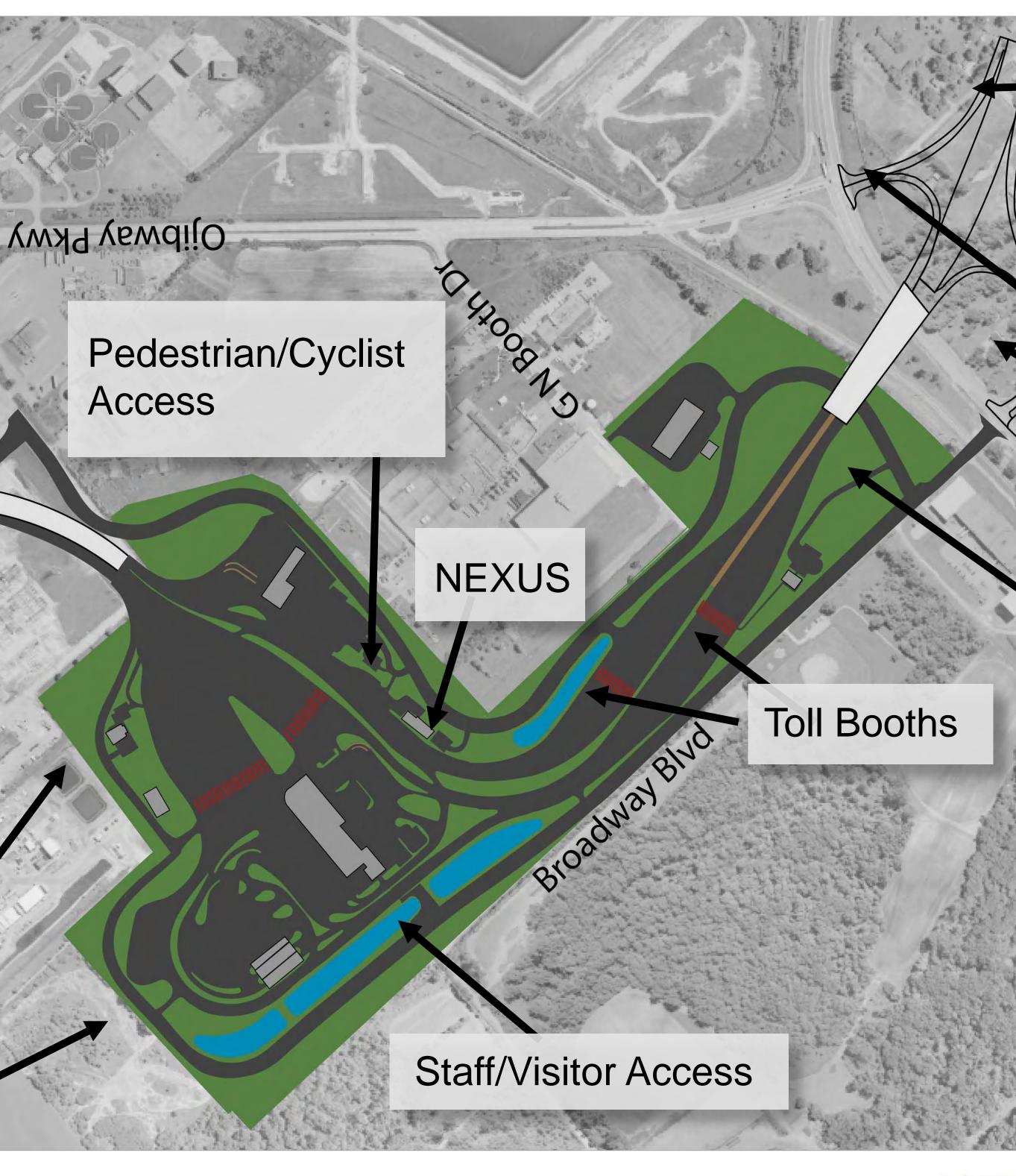
75

Canadian Traffic Patterns: Anticipated Access Points

Gordie Howe International Bridge: Inbound truck/vehicle Outbound vehicle Pedestrians/cyclists

> Restricted access for service and emergency vehicles







Rt. Hon. Herb Gray Parkway (Hwy 401)

Ramps to/from Ojibway Parkway (local access)

> Restricted access for service and emergency vehicles

Access points subject to change pending final design

Designing for Commercial Users

Bridge design considerations:	Ac
 Dedicated truck lanes 	✓ [⁻
 Reduced gear-shifting required due to geometry of bridge grade 	mov √ ∖
 Driver-friendly road lighting 	✓ E
 Accommodate truck breakdowns wit minimal traffic impact 	h √ √
 Onsite weather monitoring station 	√ T sec
✓ Road lighting	✓ T
 Accommodate truck breakdowns with 	
minimal traffic impact	✓ N moi
	 ✓ T boa alte
	√ In resp



dvanced technology considerations:

TS intelligent video will capture unauthorized ovement near trucks

Video feeds for traffic monitoring

E-manifest programs and other trusted traveller ograms

VIN recognition

Trucking companies geofencing / supply chain curity programs

Traffic Surveillance System

ane Control and Traveller Information Systems

Most up-to-date large scale imaging will provide ore efficient and timely throughput

Traffic conditions to be on highway video display ards long before arrival at bridge to allow for ernate route planning

Intelligent video hook ups will provide first sponders another tool to facilitate responses to incidents impacting commercial traffic







US Works: Property Acquisition

- 634 land parcels are required for the Gordie Howe International Bridge project.
- To date, MDOT has acquired and/or has control of 74 per cent of the required parcels.
- Relocation assistance and support will continue to be provided.
- The condemnation process will be carried out as needed on a parcel-by-parcel basis.



Property by the Numbers

- 634 total land parcels required
- 211 residential relocations required
- 36 business relocations required
- 74 per cent of total property acquired/in control
- 146 structures demolished or in demolition process as of June 29, 2017

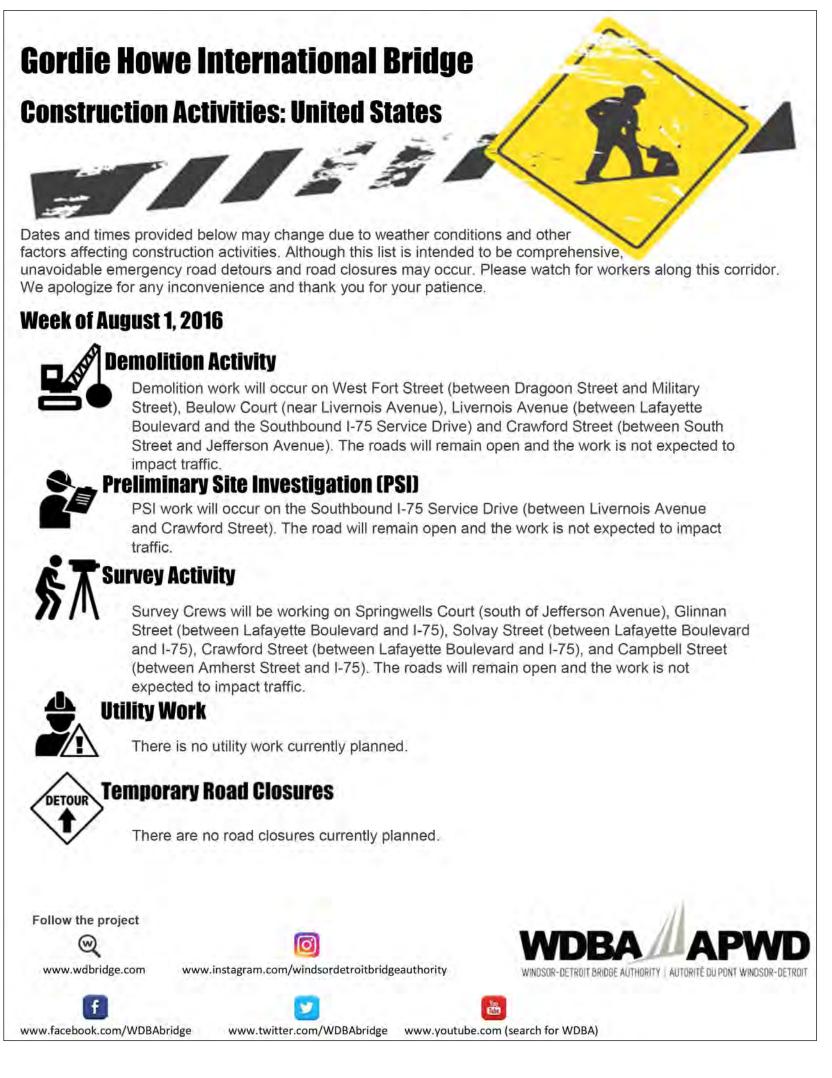


US Works: Utility Relocation

- Utilities located within the US Port of Entry footprint and the land required for the bridge footings require relocation. WDBA and MDOT are working with utilities and other partner agencies to identify high priority areas where utilities require relocation.
- Once complete, the identified area will enjoy new, upgraded utility infrastructure to support residential and commercial needs.
- Many utilities are completing the relocation work themselves or through their preferred contractor.
- Private utility relocation work will occur with no anticipated service interruptions.
- All utility relocation work (Permitted Activity) must comply with municipal guidelines and procedures for notifications, hours of work, noise and disposal of materials as outlined in the permitting documents.
- If you have questions or concerns regarding utility work in your neighbourhood, please contact the utility directly.







WDBA posts weekly Construction Notices online and at various community locations in Windsor and Detroit regarding upcoming work

Canada: Preparatory Activities







To prepare the site of the Canadian Port of Entry, several tasks are occurring now to ensure the future private-sector partner can begin construction quickly.

Phase 1 (2015-2017) A multi-million dollar contract awarded to a local Windsor company to complete three main tasks:

Phase 2 (2017-2018) • Work totaling an estimated \$86 million total awarded for hydro transmission, distribution line relocations and cable accessories.

 Advanced fill placement: more than one million tonnes of granular fill to help compress soil and raise elevations Perimeter access road: a new 4-kilometre road to reroute existing municipal roads and maintain business access • Utility relocations: An extensive network of overhead and underground utilities require relocation outside of POE lands.



Canada: Recognizing the Environment

The land around the Canadian Port of Entry is home to many species at risk plants and wildlife. WDBA is required develop and implement environmental mitigation plans as part of the Bridge to Strengthen Trade Act.









- SAR plants and habitat features found and removed prior to construction included: • 2,127 Willowleaf Aster Rhizomes
- - 497 Dense Blazing Star corm clusters
 - 10 Kentucky Coffee-trees
 - 2000+ seeds from many native prairie species
- of the POE.
- species is encountered.
- hibernacula.

Two SAR snakes – the Eastern Foxsnake and Butler's Gartersnake – are known to live in the area

Snake salvages completed in 2016 did not find any SAR snakes within the POE perimeter

Crews working within the POE lands are trained to respond appropriately if a SAR snake or other

Enhancements to Broadway Drain play a key role in the POE's stormwater management (SWM) system. SWM ponds collect and clean water from the perimeter access road and empty into the Broadway Drain, where the water flows into the Detroit River.

The existing drain was re-constructed to provide fish and wildlife habitat, including snake



Mitigating Construction Impacts for Host Communities

The Detroit River International Crossing (DRIC) study was a comprehensive bi-national environmental study that identified requirements to mitigate potential negative impacts from a new crossing. WDBA is committed to minimizing disruptions to communities and the environment and will ensure the private sector partner will implement steps to mitigate environmental disturbances and limit impacts to nearby residents, people traveling through the construction zone and nearby businesses. The following list represents mitigation measures that may be implemented in Canada and/or US as appropriate.

Noise Mitigation

- Ensure all construction equipment is in good repair, fitted with functioning mufflers and complies with noise emission standards
- Limit noisy activities to daytime hours and in accordance with municipal noise bylaws
- Where possible, install noise barriers or berms in the early construction phases
- Maximize the distance between the construction staging areas and nearby receptors
- Provide regular updates to nearby residents and businesses on possible activities that will affect them

Water Quality Protection and Management

- Protect and manage groundwater regimes for fish habitat and wetlands through design
- Develop salt management plans for construction and operation phases
- Create and maintain permanent stormwater
- management plans to control water quality



Dust Management

- Periodic watering or stabilization of disturbed and exposed soils
- Limit speed of vehicular traffic
- Use water sprays during loading/unloading of materials
- Sweep or water flush entrances to construction zones

Archaeology/Cultural Resource Protection

- Continue to undertake archaeological and heritage investigations
- Report unexpected archaeological finds to the appropriate agencies during the construction phase





Erosion and Sediment Control

• Develop and implement erosion and sediment control plans to protect surface waters, adjacent ecosystems and properties Follow provincial and state environmental guidelines for road construction • Create temporary stormwater management ponds to manage water quality

Traffic Disruptions

 Alert nearby residents and businesses of temporary traffic disruptions in advance when possible • Ensure alternate routes are available Provide signage to alert drivers and pedestrians of closures or detours

Community Benefits: Public Input

Since 2015, WDBA has received more than 200 suggestions for community benefits from Michigan and Ontario residents, Indigenous People's, business owners and community leaders. These suggestions have been shared with the three Proponent teams preparing submissions for the Request for Proposals.

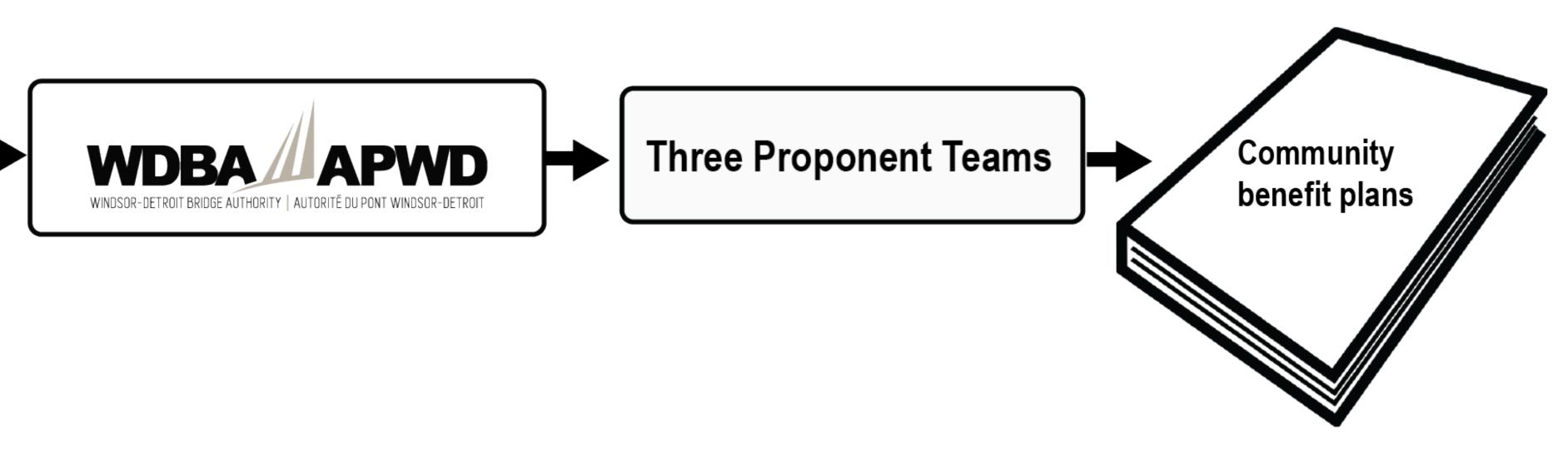


Email

Mail

Proponents will submit community benefits plans to WDBA as part of the RFP submission. The plans will reflect the suggestions and input received from stakeholders. The private-sector partner will deliver the plan with oversight from WDBA. It is anticipated that the plan will be implemented during the construction and operation phases of the Gordie Howe International Bridge project.







Community Benefits: Integrating the Gordie Howe International Bridge into the Region

What are community benefits?

Community benefits programs are identified opportunities that can advance economic, social or environmental conditions. These opportunities are often included in public projects. The Gordie Howe International Bridge project will include community benefits in recognition of the role the bridge plays in the host communities in Windsor and Detroit.

Why include community benefits?

The Crossing Agreement signed in 2012 by the Government of Canada and the State of Michigan included the following:

The proposed community benefits plans, as described in the RFP, covering both Canada and Michigan, which includes, in relation to both the construction and operation of the International Crossing: (A) the manner in which stakeholders and community are to continue to be involved; (B) the manner in which host community input relating to community benefits and stakeholder involvement are to be factored; (C) the manner in which bidders plan to work with local institutes of higher learning, unions and others; and (D) the manner in which job training and local job development will be encouraged.



Incorporating Feedback

As of March 2017, WDBA has received more than 200 suggestions for community benefits from both Detroit and Windsor representatives. All suggestions have been shared with the three Proponent teams. Many of these requests fall within five themes:

Local workforce and training strategies

- **Community safety and connections**
 - **Aesthetics and landscaping**



Construction imact and operation mitigation measures for nearby residents and businesses

Regional economic and community development opportunities

Community Benefits: Guiding Framework

It is important that the Community Benefits Plan reflect what our stakeholders have told us is important to them. To help ensure these community priorities are captured, WDBA has developed a guiding framework to support the delivery of the Community Benefits Plan.

The Community Benefits Plan shall be based on the following principles, referred to as the **ICARE** Framework:

Integrated: Community Benefits shall be an integral component of the Project carried out during the construction and operation periods.

Collaborative: Community Benefits shall reflect the Host Communities' and Regional input and be delivered through partnerships, ensuring that the interests of the Region are taken into account.

Accessible: Community Benefits shall be easy to understand, easily accessible, regularly measured and publicly reported.

Regional: Community Benefits shall be reflective of the character of the Region, tailored specifically for the Region and provide value to the Region.

Enterprising: Community Benefits shall be comprised of new methods, ideas and innovative approaches to engage the Region in the Project and benefit the Region from the Project.

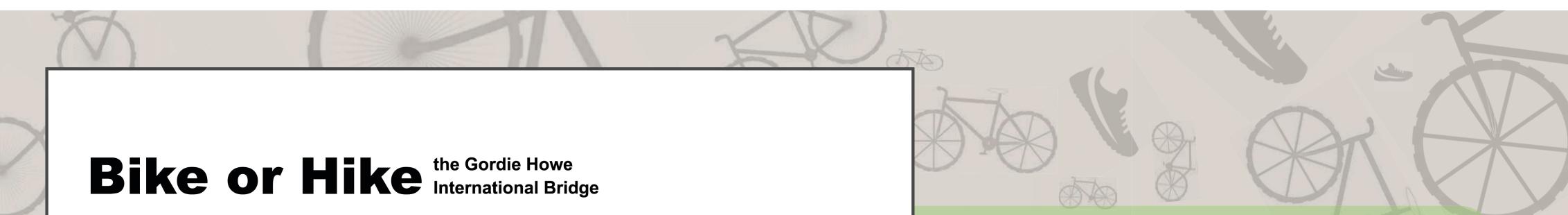








Windsor-Detroit Bridge Authority (WDBA), in response to public consultation and feedback, has revised the design requirements of the Gordie Howe International Bridge project to include a dedicated multi-use path that will accommodate pedestrians and cyclists. This decision was made possible through engagement with Canada Border Services Agency (CBSA) and US Customs and Border Patrol (CBP).





Gordie-Howe

The integration of the multi-use path will benefit the communities, as it will support active transportation, a healthy lifestyle and enhance cycle tourism across the border.

WDBA has requested that the Proponents include this design element in their submissions to the Request for Proposals.

It will be up to the successful Proponent to determine how best to incorporate this active transportation feature.

Key Features

One lane that accommodates two-way traffic in either direction

Approximately 3.6 metres wide

Concrete barriers separating vehicular traffic from pedestrians and cyclists

A span of 2.5 kilometres, the same length as the Gordie Howe **International Bridge**

 Connections to local road networks in both Canada and the US

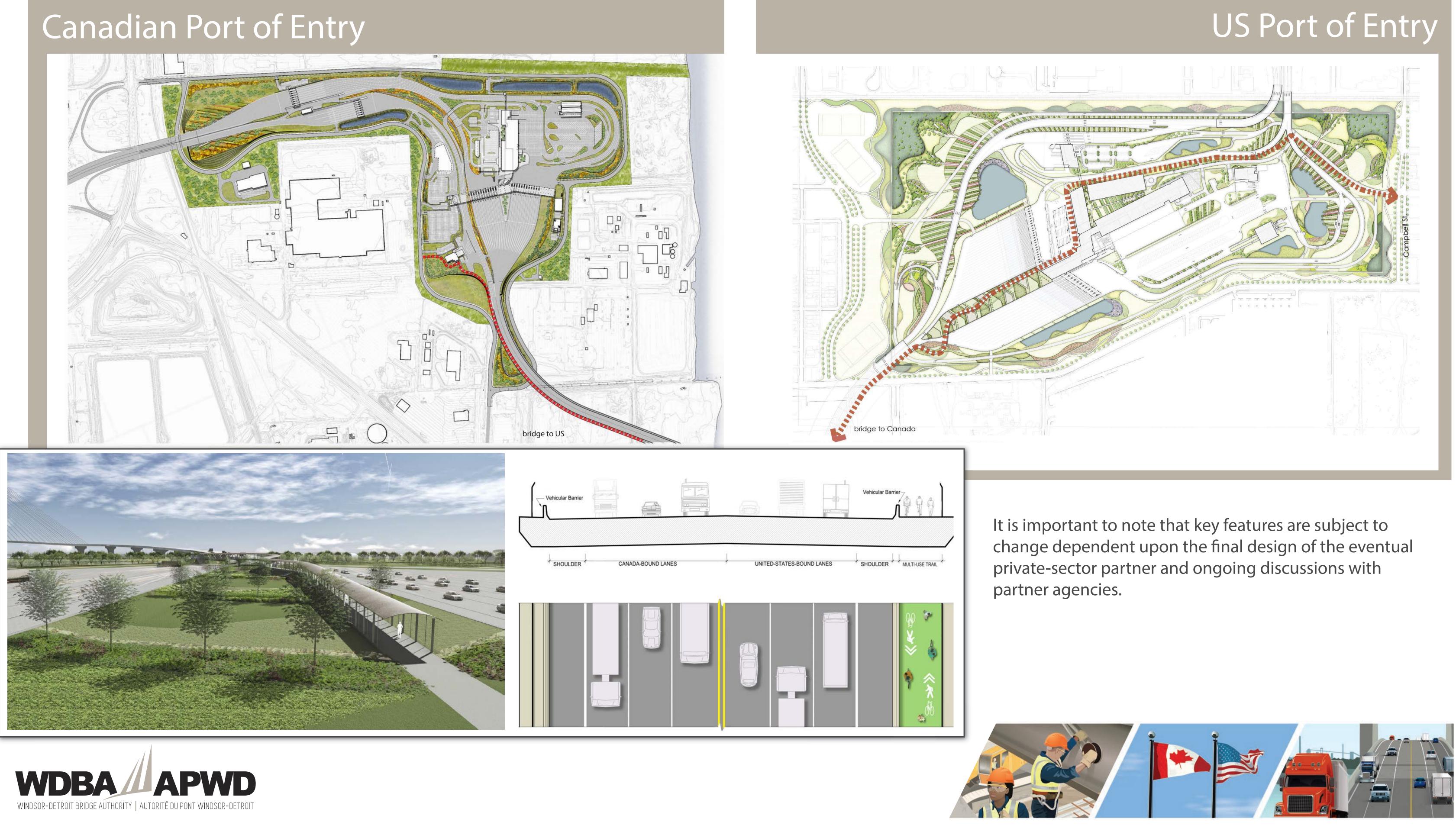
Users will not cross pathways with vehicular traffic to ensure the safety and security of travelling public

It is important to note that key features are subject to change dependent upon the final design of the eventual private-sector partner and ongoing discussions with partner agencies.





Multi-Use Path Conceptual Renderings

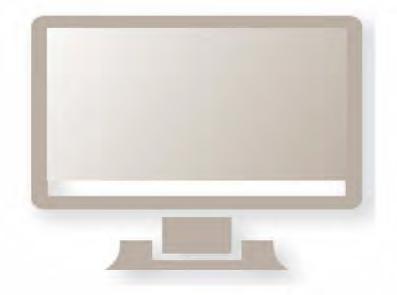






Follow us @wdbabridge





WDBA Website

Our website, wdbridge.com, is your main source for up-to-date information on construction activities, news, P3 procurement process, employment opportunities and corporate reports.



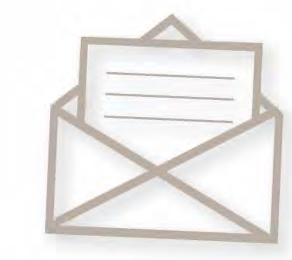
Our Office

WDBA's office provides a place where you can find information, talk to the team, ask questions and provide feedback. Our offices are located at: 100 Ouellette Avenue, Suite 400 Windsor, ON N9A 6T3



Stay Connected

WDBA is engaging the community and its stakeholders as it works to build the Gordie Howe International Bridge project. There are many ways to stay connected with us.







Subscribe to our channel WDBA-APWD

Public Inquiries

Have a question about the project? Not only can you message us through social media, you can call us at 519-946-3038 or email us at info@wdbridge.com.

Join the Email list

Join our electronic mailing list by visiting our website and recieve up-to-date information delivered right to your inbox.